Dermacase



Can you identify this condition?

Salvador Arias-Santiago MD María Sierra Girón-Prieto MD Husein Husein-Fl-Ahmed MD María Antonia Fernández-Pugnaire PhD Ramón Naranjo-Sintes PhD

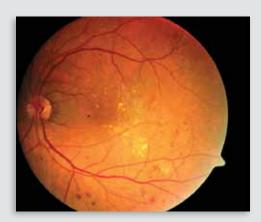
38-year-old man was referred to our clinic with a 2-week history of painful lesions located on the penis. He had no past medical history for this event. During the first few days of onset, he had a fever (38.5°C) without any other systemic symptoms. Treatment with ketoconazole cream and topical steroids had worsened the lesions. A physical examination revealed a number of small ulcers with a fibrin surface and a herpetiform distribution in the coronal sulcus and glans penis. Bilateral inguinal palpation revealed the presence of small and mobile lymph nodes. Tzanck test results showed multinucleated giant cells and epithelial cells containing eosinophilic intranuclear inclusion bodies. Laboratory workup included a hemogram and biochemistry and coagulation tests, which all had negative or normal results.

The most likely diagnosis is

- 1. Primary syphilis
- 2. Chancroid
- 3. Reiter syndrome
- 4. Genital herpes
- 5. Behçet syndrome

Answer on page 1304

Ophthaproblem



Can you identify this condition?

Jason Noble MD Paul Nijmeh MD

53-year-old man presents to his family doctor with complaints of gradual visual loss. He denies a history of flashes, floaters, or visual field loss. Fundus examination is shown in the image above

The most likely diagnosis is

- 1. Retinal detachment
- 2. Exudative age-related macular degeneration
- 3. Central retinal vein occlusion
- 4. Nonproliferative diabetic retinopathy

Answer on page 1308