

Dermacase



Can you identify this condition?

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A healthy 11-year-old girl was referred to our clinic with a 3-month history of wheals and pruritus after contact with cold water. There was no family history of similar lesions. Cold drinks, ice cream, and cold air do not trigger the condition, nor does water at other temperatures. Lesions appeared on the trunk and extremities a few minutes after contact with cold water and disappeared spontaneously within 30 minutes. There were no symptoms of angioedema, syncope, hypotension, Raynaud phenomenon, or purpura, and no other associated cardiovascular, respiratory, or gastrointestinal problems. At the time of consultation the patient was asymptomatic; to confirm the diagnosis, an ice cube test was performed, revealing wheal formation on the arm after 4 minutes. A complete blood count and basic biochemistry tests were performed, and levels of total immunoglobulin E, antinuclear antibodies, erythrocyte sedimentation rate, rheumatoid factor, complement, cryoglobulins, cold agglutinins, and cryofibrinogen were checked, results of which showed no abnormalities.

The most likely diagnosis is

1. Aquagenic pruritus
2. Aquagenic urticaria
3. Acquired cold urticaria
4. Aquagenic keratoderma
5. Cholinergic urticaria

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Ophthalmoproblem



Can you identify this condition?

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A 72-year-old woman complains of a slowly progressing wedge-shaped growth on her left eye associated with gradual visual blurring. There is no pain or irritation. Her visual acuity is 20/100 in the left eye, with a refraction of 0.75+2.25 090.

The most likely diagnosis is

1. Pinguecula
2. Pterygium
3. Corneal ulcer
4. Conjunctival squamous cell carcinoma

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