

A more apt cover image could have depicted a woman torn between her roles as a mother and a physician, or even a *New Yorker*-style cartoon of a man and woman in a hospital elevator, both with their identification badges clearly visible (hers reading Dr Woman, and his, Nurse Man), and a patient entering greeting them as “Hello Nurse; hello Doctor,” respectively.

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Competing interests

None declared

References

1. Cover image. *Can Fam Physician* 2019;65:521.
2. Bogler T, Lazare K, Rambihar V. Female family physicians and the first 5 years. In pursuit of gender equity, work-life integration, and wellness. *Can Fam Physician* 2019;65:585-8 (Eng), e372-5 (Fr).

Correction

In the clinical practice guidelines published in the May 2019 issue of *Canadian Family Physician*, “Managing opioid use disorder in primary care. PEER simplified guideline,”¹ an error was inadvertently introduced. The scoring on the last line of the Clinical Opiate Withdrawal Scale in **Figure 2** (“Gooseflesh Skin”) was not accurate.

The online version has been corrected. The authors apologize for the error.

Reference

1. Korownyk C, Perry D, Ton J, Kolber MR, Garrison S, Thomas B, et al. Managing opioid use disorder in primary care. PEER simplified guideline. *Can Fam Physician* 2019;65:321-30 (Eng), e173-84 (Fr).

Correction

Dans les lignes directrices de pratique clinique publiées dans le numéro de mai 2019 du *Médecin de famille canadien*, intitulées «Prise en charge du trouble de consommation d’opioïdes en première ligne. Lignes directrices simplifiées de PEER»¹, une erreur s’est glissée par inadvertance dans la **Figure 2**, à la dernière ligne du score de la Clinical Opiate Withdrawal Scale («Chair de poule»). Le score indiqué n’était pas exact, et il a été corrigé dans la version en ligne. Les auteurs présentent leurs excuses pour cette erreur.

Référence

1. Korownyk C, Perry D, Ton J, Kolber MR, Garrison S, Thomas B, et coll. Prise en charge du trouble de consommation d’opioïdes en première ligne. Lignes directrices simplifiées de PEER. *Can Fam Physician* 2019;65:321-30 (ang), e173-84 (fr).

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